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10/616,159	07/09/2003	Michael Novak	MS#196420.01 (5054)	9755
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ONE METROP	POLITAN SQUARE	WONG, NOBLE S		
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SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

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uspatents@senniger.com

		Amulian	Atam Na	Amplicant(a)				
Office Action Summary		10/616,	tion No. 159	NOVAK ET AL.	Applicant(s)			
		Examin		Art Unit				
				2173				
	The MAII ING DATE of this communic	Noble S			ddress			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).								
Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed	l on 09 July 2003			•			
		b)⊠ This action is	non-final					
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٠/١	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims	•	• •	·				
·		nolication						
•)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-50</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.	o with diameter in order						
'=	5)							
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
<i>,</i> —	Claim(s) are subject to restrict	ion and/or election	requirement					
,		ion ana/or election	requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers							
,	The specification is objected to by the							
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ accepted or b) □ objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 								
Attachmen	t(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date.								
3) 🔯 Infor	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PI nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date		f Informal Patent Application	•				

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DETAILED ACTION

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

1. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claims 23-44 recite the limitation "computer-readable medium," but do not explicitly define computer readable media as transmission or carrier signals. However, one of ordinary skill in the art can interpret the media as claimed in its broadest reasonable sense as covering transmissions as referred in the specification (see [0044]). As such, transmission or carrier signals are not considered to be statutory subject matter since it is not either process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter {see the "Interim Guidelines for Examination of Patent Applications for Patent Subject Matter Eligibility" Annex IV(c)}.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 3. Claims 1-50 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Chasen et al. (US Patent # 6,760,721 B1).

As to independent claim 1, Chasen et al. teach a method for modifying metadata of a media file in a media library (i.e. audio metadata for files in master tree 122, see col. 5 lines 26-30), said media file having a metadata field that includes property data (i.e. metadata, see col. 9 lines 29-42), and wherein the property data defines a property of the media file, comprising:

- selecting a media file from a list of media files being displayed via a graphical user interface (i.e. selection of a song by mouse click, see col. 15 lines 8-13);
- associating the selected media file with property category data within a property category, wherein the property category data defines a different property than the property of the media file (i.e. after dragging and dropping, a genre change from Jazz to New Age, see col. 15 lines 8-13); and
- modifying the metadata field of the selected media file to correspond to the different property defined by the property category data (i.e. see col. 15 lines 21-29).

As to claim 2, Chasen et al. teach the method of claim 1, wherein selecting the media file includes selecting and dragging the media file from a first location within the graphical user interface, and wherein the associating the selected media file with property category data includes dropping the selected and dragged media file onto the property category data at a second location within in the graphical user interface (i.e. see col. 15 lines 8-13).

As to claim 3, Chasen et al. teach the method of claim 1, wherein selecting the media file includes selecting the media file via a context menu displayed in graphical user interface, and wherein the associating the selected media file with property category data includes identifying the property category data via the context menu displayed in the graphical user interface (i.e. by tree window 120).

As to claim 4, Chasen et al. teach the method of claim 1, wherein modifying includes: replacing the property defined in the metadata field of the selected media file with the different property defined by the property category data; or adding the different property defined by the

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property category data to the property data in the metadata field of the selected media file (i.e. see col. 15 lines 21-29).

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As to claim 5, Chasen et al. teach the method of claim 1, wherein the metadata field of the selected media file defines a genre property, an artist property, or an album title property (i.e. metadata, see col. 9 lines 29-42).

As to claim 6, Chasen et al. teach the method of claim 5, wherein the selected media file includes a plurality of metadata fields, and wherein modifying includes modifying a property defined in one or more of the metadata fields (i.e. see col. 15 lines 21-29).

As to claim 7, Chasen et al. teach the method of claim 6, wherein modifying includes

- changing the property defined in each of the one or more metadata fields of the selected media file to include a new property when the different property defined by the property category data is an album title property (i.e. grouping tree includes a variety of categories, like album title, see col. 3 line 66 col. 4 line 8, and a new property can be inherited upon click and drag, see col. 15 lines 8-29), and
- wherein the one or more metadata fields of the selected media file define one or more of the following properties: a collection ID property; a collection group ID property an album Artist property; a provider Style property; a provider Rating property; a buy URL property; a large Album Art URL property; a small Album Art URL property; a more Info URL property; a provider Name property; a provider URL property; and a provider Logo URL property (i.e. the metadata can include a plurality of properties like album artist, see col. 9 lines 29-42).

As to claim 8, Chasen et al. teach the method of claim 7, wherein modifying further includes

- deleting a property defined in each of the one or more of the metadata fields of the selected media file when the different property defined by the property category data is an album title property (i.e. grouping tree includes a variety of categories, like album title, see col. 3 line 66 col. 4 line 8, and a property can be deleted upon inheritance upon click and drag, see col. 15 lines 8-29), and
- wherein the one or more metadata fields define one or more of the following properties: a unique file identifier property; a release time property; and a content ID property (i.e. the metadata can include a plurality of identifiers, see col. 10 lines 14-19).

As to independent claim 9, Chasen et al. teach method for modifying metadata of one or more media files in a media library (i.e. audio metadata for files in master tree 122, see col. 5 lines 26-30), said one or more media files each having a metadata field that includes property data (i.e. metadata, see col. 9 lines 29-42), and wherein the property data defines a property of the media file, comprising:

- selecting property category data within a property category being displayed via graphical user interface (i.e. mouse selection drag of a song, see col. 15 lines 8-13), wherein the property category data defines a property of one or more media files (i.e. a song);
- associating the selected property category data with different property category data, wherein the different property category data defines a different property than the property of the media file (i.e. after dragging and dropping, a genre change from Jazz to New Age, see col. 15 lines 8-13); and
- modifying the property data in the metadata field of the one or more media files having the property defined by the property category data to correspond to the different property defined by the different property category data (i.e. see col. 15 lines 21-29).

As to claim 10, Chasen et al. teach the method of claim 9, wherein the selecting includes selecting and dragging the property category data from a first location within the graphical user interface, and wherein the associating includes dropping the selected and dragged property category data onto the different property category data at a second location in the graphical user interface (i.e. see col. 15 lines 8-29).

As to claim 11, Chasen et al. teach the method of claim 9, wherein the selecting includes selecting property category data via a context menu displayed in the graphical user interface, and wherein the associating the selected media file with property category data includes identifying the different property category data via the context menu displayed in the graphical user interface (i.e. by tree window 120).

As to claim 12, Chasen et al. teach the method of claim 9, wherein modifying includes: changing the property data in the metadata field of the one or more media files having the

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property defined by the selected property category data to the different property defined by the different property category data; or changing the metadata field of the one or more media files having the property defined by the selected property category data to include the different property defined by the different property category data (i.e. for selected property see col. 3 line 66 - c. 4 line 8, different metadata, see col. 9 lines 29-42, and changing of the metadata, see col. 15 lines 8-29).

As to claim 13, Chasen et al. teach the method of claim 9, wherein the metadata field of the one or more media files defines a genre property, an artist property, or an album title property (i.e. metadata, see col. 9 lines 29-42).

As to claim 14, Chasen et al. teach the method of claim 13, wherein the selected property category data defines a first genre property and the different property category data defines a second genre property, and wherein modifying includes: changing property data in the metadata field of the one or more media files having the first genre property from the first genre property to the second genre property; or changing property data in the metadata field of the one or more media files having the first genre property to include the first genre property and the second genre property (i.e. for selected property see col. 3 line 66 – c. 4 line 8, different metadata, see col. 9 lines 29-42, and changing of the metadata, see col. 15 lines 8-29).

As to claim 15, Chasen et al. teach the method of claim 13, wherein the selected property category data defines an artist property and the different property category data defines a genre property, and wherein modifying includes: changing property data in the metadata field of the one or more media files having the defined artist property from an existing genre property to the genre property defined by the different property category data; or changing the property data in

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the metadata field of the one or more media files having the defined artist property to include the existing genre property and the genre property defined by the different property category data (i.e. for selected property see col. 3 line 66 – c. 4 line 8, different metadata, see col. 9 lines 29-42, and changing of the metadata, see col. 15 lines 8-29).

As to claim 16, Chasen et al. teach the method of claim 13, wherein the selected property category data defines an album property and the different property category data defines a genre property, and wherein modifying includes: changing property data in the metadata field of the one or more media files having the defined album property from an existing genre property to the genre property defined by the different property category data; or changing the property data in the metadata field of the one or more media files having the defined album property to include the existing genre property and the genre property defined by the different property category data (i.e. for selected property see col. 3 line 66 – c. 4 line 8, different metadata, see col. 9 lines 29-42, and changing of the metadata, see col. 15 lines 8-29).

As to claim 17, Chasen et al. teach the method of claim 13, wherein the selected property category data defines a first artist property and the different property category data defines a second artist property, and wherein modifying includes changing property data in the metadata field of the one or more media files having the first artist property from the first artist property to the second artist property (i.e. for selected property see col. 3 line 66 – c. 4 line 8, different metadata, see col. 9 lines 29-42, and changing of the metadata, see col. 15 lines 8-29).

As to claim 18, Chasen et al. teach the method of claim 13 wherein the selected property category data defines an album property and the different property category data defines an artist property, and wherein modifying includes changing property data in the metadata field of the one

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or more media files having the defined album property from an existing artist property to the artist property defined by the different property category data (i.e. for selected property see col. 3 line 66 - c. 4 line 8, different metadata, see col. 9 lines 29-42, and changing of the metadata, see col. 15 lines 8-29).

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As to claim 19, Chasen et al. teach the method of claim 13, wherein the property category data defines a first album property and the different property category data defines a second album property, and wherein modifying includes changing property data in the metadata field of the one or more media files having the first album property from the first album property to the second album property (i.e. different metadata, see col. 9 lines 29-42, and changing of the metadata, see col. 15 lines 8-29).

As to claim 20, Chasen et al. teach the method of claim 19, wherein each of the media files having the first album property include a plurality of metadata fields, and wherein modifying includes modifying a property defined in one or more of the metadata fields (i.e. changing of the metadata, see col. 15 lines 8-29).

As to claim 21, Chasen et al. teach the method of claim 20, wherein modifying includes

- changing the property defined in each of the one or more metadata fields of the media files having the first album property to include a new property when the different property defined by the different property category data is an album title property (i.e. grouping tree includes a variety of categories, like album title, see col. 3 line 66 col. 4 line 8, and a property can be changed upon inheritance upon click and drag, see col. 15 lines 8-29), and
- wherein the one or more metadata fields of the media files having the first album property define one or more of the following properties: a collection ID property; a collection group ID property an album Artist property; a provider Style property; a provider Rating property; a buy URL property; a large Album Art URL property; a small Album Art URL property; a more Info URL property; a provider Name property; a provider URL property; and a provider Logo URL property (i.e. the metadata can include a plurality of properties like album artist, see col. 9 lines 29-42).

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As to claim 22, Chasen et al. teach the method of claim 21, wherein modifying further includes

- deleting a property defined in each of the one or more of the metadata fields of the media files having the first album property when the different property defined by the property category data is an album title property (i.e. grouping tree includes a variety of categories, like album title, see col. 3 line 66 col. 4 line 8, and a property can be deleted upon inheritance upon click and drag, see col. 15 lines 8-29), and
- wherein the one or more metadata fields of the media files having the first album property define one or more of the following properties: a unique file identifier property; a release time property; and a content ID property (i.e. the metadata can include a plurality of identifiers, see col. 10 lines 14-19).

As to claims 23-30, claims 23-30 differ from claims 1-8 only in that claims 23-30 are computer-readable medium (readable in metadata management system 200) type claims where as claims 1-8 are method claims. Thus, claims 23-30 are analyzed as previously discussed with respect to claims 1-8 above.

As to claims 31-44, claims 31-44 differ from claims 9-22 only in that claims 31-44 are (readable in metadata management system 200) type claims where as claims 9-22 are method claims. Thus, claims 31-44 are analyzed as previously discussed with respect to claims 9-22 above.

As to independent claim 45, Chasen et al. teach in a computer system for modifying the metadata of a media file (metadata management system 200), said system having

- a graphical user interface including a display and a user interface selection device (graphical user interface 220 that interprets mouse actions, see col. 5 lines 44-51),
- a method of providing and selecting from a list of media files on the display, comprising:
 - o selecting a media file from the list of media files being displayed by the user interface, said media file having a metadata field defining a property of the media file (i.e. selection of a song by mouse click, see col. 15 lines 8-13);
 - o associating the selected media file with property category data within a property category being displayed by the user interface, wherein the property category data defines a different property than the property of the media file (i.e. after dragging and dropping, a genre change from Jazz to New Age, see col. 15 lines 8-13); and

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o wherein the computer system is responsive to associating the selected media file with property category data to modify the metadata field of the selected media file to correspond to the different property defined by the property category data a (i.e. see col. 15 lines 21-29).

As to claim 46, Chasen et al. teach the method of claim 45, wherein selecting the media file includes selecting and dragging the media file from a first location in the display, and wherein associating includes dropping the selected and dragged media file onto the property category data at a second location in the media library (i.e. see col. 15 lines 21-29).

As to claim 47, Chasen et al. teach the method of claim 45, wherein the list of media files are displayed in a media file data section, and wherein the property category data is displayed in an indexing section (i.e. in audio player program display 110).

As to independent claim 48, Chasen et al. teach a computer system for modifying the metadata of a group of media files (metadata management system 200), said system having

- a graphical user interface including a display and a user interface selection device,
- a method of providing and selecting from property category data on the display, comprising:
 - o selecting property category data within a property category being displayed by the user interface (i.e. selection of a song by mouse click, see col. 15 lines 8-13),
 - wherein the property category data defines a property of one or more media files (i.e. a song), and
 - wherein each of the one or more media files includes a metadata field defining a property of the media file (i.e. see col. 9 lines 29-42);
 - o associating the selected property category data with different property category data within a property category being displayed by the user interface, wherein the different property category data defines a different property of one or more media files (i.e. after dragging and dropping, a genre change from Jazz to New Age, see col. 15 lines 8-13); and
 - o wherein the computer system is responsive to associating the selected property category data with the different property category data to modify the metadata field of the one or more media files having the property defined by the selected property category data to correspond to the different property (i.e. see col. 15 lines 21-29).

As to claim 49, Chasen et al. teach the method of claim 48, wherein selecting property category data includes selecting and dragging the property category data from a first location in

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the display, and wherein associating the selected property category data with the different property category data includes dropping the selected and dragged property category data onto the different property category data at a second location in the media library (i.e. see col. 15 lines 21-29).

As to claim 50, Chasen et al. teach the method of claim 48, wherein the selected property category data and the different property category data are displayed in an indexing section (i.e. in audio player program display 110).

Conclusion

4. The prior art made of record on form PTO-892 and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Applicant is required under 37 C.F.R. 1.111(c) to consider these references fully when responding to this action. The documents cited therein teach the changing of metadata by dragging and dropping in a graphical user interface.

Inquiries

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Noble S. Wong whose telephone number is (571) 270-1044. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 7:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Cabeca can be reached on (571) 272-4048. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Noble Wong

1/17/07

NSW

Kreu Vu Primary Examiner